To review your knowledge of Needlesticks: Avoiding Exposure, answer the questions below.

Your name __________________________ Date __________________________

1. Which type of diseases can you contract from a needlestick injury? Select all that apply.
   a. heart disease
   b. HIV
   c. Hepatitis B
   d. Hepatitis C

2. How often should a written exposure control plan be reviewed and updated?
   a. At least annually
   b. Whenever new or modified procedures and/or technologies are adopted by your employer
   c. Whenever employee positions are revised in a way that creates new potential exposures
   d. All of the above

3. If you request a hard copy of the Exposure Control Plan, your employer has one month to provide it to you.
   a. True       b. False

4. Although PPE, work practice controls, and engineering controls can help reduce the risk of needlestick injuries, what is the most effective way to eliminate needlestick injuries?
   a. Using sharper medical devices
   b. Using safer medical devices
   c. Stay calm and focused
5. Most needlestick injuries are the result of unsafe needle devices.
   a. True    b. False

6. When selecting a safer needle device, what are some requirements the new device should contain to keep you safe? Select all that apply.
   a. Provide a barrier between your hands and the needle
   b. A cap for recapping the needle after use
   c. Should allow your hands to remain behind the needle
   d. Ease of use, practical and perform reliably and effectively

7. What steps should be taken if you are stuck by a contaminated or dirty needle?
   a. Don’t panic
   b. Wash the wound with soap and water immediately
   c. Alert your supervisor
   d. Document the exposure in detail
   e. All of the above

8. After a needlestick injury you should have follow-up testing at six weeks, 3 months, 6 months, and depending on the risk at one year.
   a. True    b. False

9. OSHA does not require employers to maintain confidential sharps injury logs.
   a. True    b. False

10. Information recorded on the sharps injury log and the work-related injuries and illnesses log is used when re-evaluating the exposure control plan.
    a. True    b. False